2017 Summer Reading/Writing Assignment AP English Language and Composition

Welcome to AP Language, the study of words and their powerful effect on readers and writers. For your summer reading/writing assignment you will:

- 1) Organize 60 literary/rhetorical terms on flash cards or Quizlet.com.
- 2) Read and create a dialectical journal for *Thank you for Arguing: What Aristotle, Lincoln and Homer Simpson Can Teach Us About the Art of Persuasion* by Jay Heinrichs.
- 3) Write an essay that addresses the main arguments in the Heinrichs book.
- 4) Read *The Elements of Style* by William Strunk, Jr. and E.B. White and create a chart of 6 personally misused words/phrases that you intend to correct.

Getting Started

You will need the following:

- 1) Either 60 3x5 index cards for the attached vocabulary terms and some kind of organizer to keep them together, or a study set created on Quizlet.com
- 2) A copy of the Heinrichs book *Thank You for Arguing*.
- 3) A copy of the book *The Elements of Style*.
- 4) A folder to submit your written work.

What to Do

1) Vocabulary Flash Cards or Quizlet.com Study Set [10 points]

Use 3x5 index cards or create a study set in Quizlet.com for each of the 60 terms on the attached list of literary/rhetorical words. You do not have to write the definitions or examples (yet) but leave room on each flashcard or on Quizlet.com to add examples as we encounter them throughout the year. If using flashcards, bind them together with a ring or some other organizer. See example below.

Ethos	

Definition:	Examples:
An appeal to authority	

2) Summer Reading Dialectical Journal [25 points]

Thank You for Arguing: What Aristotle, Lincoln and Homer Simpson Can Teach Us About the Art of Persuasion By Jay Heinrichs.

In his book, Jay Heinrich argues that the high school curricula should be changed to emphasize rhetorical skills.

As you read, complete a typed dialectical journal like the example below that demonstrates your engagement with the text, your understanding of the various arguments presented, and your best critical thinking. For this type-written assignment, you should

- Create a heading with your name, the book title, and the author for the first page only.
- Select 9-12 meaningful passages that come from the book's beginning, middle, and end.
- Write out the entire passage to which you will refer and include the page number.
- Paraphrase or summarize the passage. It will be helpful to provide the context in which it came. In other words, what is happening before and after this passage appears in the text?
- Analyze and react to the passage in full sentences—not notes. You should attempt to
 analyze the methods the writer uses to make his argument. This is where you will show
 your engagement and reflection. Your analysis should be longer than the selected
 quotation or passage.

Example set-up:

Student Name: John Doe

Book Name: The Cheating Culture: Why More Americans are Doing Wrong to Get Ahead

Author: David Callahan

Quotation/Passage/Page	Paraphrase or Summary	Analyze and React
Number		
I played a lot of Monopoly	The author is remembering	By beginning with a reference
growing up. Like most players	that a common childhood	to a childhood game, the
of the game, I loved drawing a	game had a positive moment	author reminds the audience of
yellow Community Chest card	when a player received "free"	something that most people
and discovering a "bank error"	cash because a bank made a	probably remember—not just
that allowed me to collect	mistake. This is the way the	the game, but the excitement
\$200. It never occurred to me	book begins and sets up the	of a "bank error" card. He also
not to take the cash. After all,	idea of the Cheating Culture.	issues the question that "banks
banks have plenty of money,		have plenty of money" so
and if one makes an error in		"why argue?" This really
your favor, why argue? I		mimics what most people
haven't played Monopoly in		would probably say in real life
twenty years, but I'd still take		to justify why they should
the \$200 today. And what if a		keep money that isn't
real bank made an error in my		rightfully theirs. He moves
favor? That would be a		from this game topic to a

tougher dilemma. Such things	suggestion that it could really
do happen. (1)	happen (which he will explain
	later) and suggests that it
	would be a "tougher
	dilemma." It almost seems
	like this could be a sarcastic
	remark. I think many people
	would just take the money.
	We tend to view banks as
	huge institutions that they will
	not miss a few rogue dollars
	here and there. This idea that
	Wall Street continues to pay
	out bonuses while the "little
	guy" is barely getting by or
	may not even have a job is
	especially prevalent now. By
	this question, the author seems
	to be trying to get us to ask if
	we can even justify that type
	of thinking. Is this the right
	decision to make?

3) Summer Reading Essay [50 points]

After you have read and typed your dialectical journal for *Thank you for Arguing: What Aristotle, Lincoln and Homer Simpson Can Teach Us About the Art of Persuasion* by Jay Heinrichs, use this to write a well-developed essay in which you agree or disagree with the author. The essay should be typed, double-spaced, and at least five paragraphs. Consider the following points as you prepare to write your essay:

- How could an increased emphasis on rhetorical skills effect classroom discussions?
- In what ways would the educational experience be different?
- How might students process and investigate information differently across all content areas?

Your argument should include specific examples from the book as well as things you've experienced in school, activities, sports, and life. You do not need to agree with the author's point, but you must discuss specific examples. You may use the attached Reading/Writing Template to start your essay if you wish.

4) The Elements of Style by Strunk and White Words and Commonly Misused Expressions Assignment [15 points]

Step 1: Read the entirety of the text *The Elements of Style*.

Step 2: Focus on Chapter 4: Words and Commonly Misused Expressions. In chapter 4 you will find an extensive list of misused words and expressions. Begin by perusing the entire list and studying the errors commonly made and the proper use of words and phrases.

Step 3: Then create a personal list of six misused words/expressions that you will commit to learning how to correct. For each, record the word/phrase, a description of the commonly made error and how to correct it in your own words, as well as a brief explanation of why you made each selection.

Example:

Word or Phrase	Error	Why	Correction	Explanation
All right	I did alright on	All right is two	I did all right on	I chose to focus
	the exam.	words, not one.	the exam.	on this word as
				one of my six
				because it is one
				that I misuse
				frequently. I did
				not realize it is
				properly written
				as two words, so
				whenever I used
				the word, I am
				sure it was
				written
				incorrectly.

Assessments

The essay and assignments will be reviewed using the attached rubrics.

60 Literary/Rhetorical Vocabulary Terms for Flashcards

Rhetorical Appeals

Ethos Pathos Logos

Modes of Discourse

(The method a writer uses to have a conversation with a particular reader/audience.)

Exposition Description

Narration Argument (Persuasion)

Rhetorical Strategies

(A plan a writer uses for achieving a specific writing purpose.)

Example Description
Cause/Effect Narration
Contrast/Comparison Argument
Division/Classification Definition

Process

Rhetorical Techniques

(The choices an author makes and how he/she uses rhetorical devices.

These choices revolve around the following:)

Diction Syntax Tone/attitude Organization Point of View

Rhetorical Devices

(The tools and mechanisms the writer employs to develop the strategy.)

Allusion	Distinctio	Parallelism
Amplification	Enumeratio	Parataris
Anadiplosis	Epistrophe	Parenthesis
Analogy	Epithet	Personification
Anaphora	Eponym	Polysyndeton
Antanagoge	Exemplum	Procatalepsis
Antithesis	Hyperbaton	Rhetorical Question
Aporia	Hyperbole	Sententia
Apostrophe	Hypophora	Simile
Asyndeton	Litotes	Symploce
Chiasmus	Metabasis	Synecdoche
Climax	Metaphor	Understatement
Conduplicatio	Metonymy	Zeugma

Reading/Writing Template

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